

II.

## FUTURE FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM GRANT APPLICATION All sections must be addressed, or the application will be considered invalid



I. <i>F</i>	۱P	PLI	CA	NT	INFO	<b>DRM</b>	ATION
-------------	----	-----	----	----	------	------------	-------

A.	Applicant Name: Big Blackfoot Chapter o	of Trout Unlimit	ted-Ryen Neu	decker	
	Mailing Address: PO Box 1				
	City: Ovando	State: MT	Zip:	59854	
	Telephone: 406-240-4824	E-mail: <u>r</u>	ryen@montan	atu.org	
В.	Contact Person (if different than applicant):	See above			
	Address:				
	City:	State:	Zip:		
	Telephone:	E-mail:			
C.	Landowner and/or Lessee Name (if different than applicant):  Perk Pe	rkins			
	Mailing Address: PO Box 2116				
	City: Jackson		Zip:		
	Telephone: (802) 345-6695	E-mail: <u>r</u>	oerkinsp@orvi	s.com	
PR	OJECT INFORMATION				
A.	Project Name: Poorman Creek Restoration	n-Phase 2			
	River, stream, or lake: Poorman Creek				
	Location: Township: 14N R	Range: 9V	V	Section:	25, 36
	Latitude: 46.561230 L	ongitude: -1	12.404893	within project	(decimal degrees)
	County: Lewis & Clark				
В.	Purpose of Project:				
	The purpose of this project is to restore a hig River by restoring channel stability, riparian recruitment to the Blackfoot River.	O 1 J .		,	•

C. Brief Project Description (attach additional information to end of application):

Poorman Creek is a third order tributary to the upper Blackfoot River and flows 14 miles through a mix of USFS and private land. The stream supports populations of pure westslope cutthroat trout and bull trout, a species of special concern and a threatened species under the federal endangered species act. Poorman Creek is a high priority tributary as ranked in "An Integrated Stream Restoration and Native Fish Conservation Strategy for 182 streams in the Blackfoot Basin" and is listed as critical bull trout habitat. Poorman Creek has been the focus of several past projects funded through the Future Fisheries program, including fish passage, fish screening, stream restoration, and water conservation. We now have the opportunity to switch our focus to a two-mile reach of Poorman Creek near its confluence with the Blackfoot River. From the headwaters to the mouth of the upper Blackfoot River, Poorman Creek has been identified as an impaired waterbody by MTDEQ and is listed for the following impairments: alteration of streamside vegetation, metals, flow regime modifications, and sediment. In the project reach, historical watershed and land use disturbances continue to affect the quality of aquatic and riparian habitat conditions. The stream suffers from entrenchment, lack of instream and riparian habitat, channel aggradation reducing channel capacity, and bank erosion. BEHI data collection has indicated that an estimated 409 tons per year of sediment is contributed to Poorman Creek from streambank related sources, primarily related to bank erosion and channel instability.

This project will restore a degraded reach of Poorman Creek and ensure connectivity with a functioning floodplain following natural channel design principles. Approximately 8,400 feet of channel will be restored through a variety of treatments including channel reconstruction or shaping, creating instream habitat through the creation of step pools, incorporating vegetated wood matrix and large woody debris structures. A grazing management plan has been completed covering 550 acres and the riparian area will be excluded from grazing for a minimum of 10 years to ensure the riparian area has recovered. The landowner has also committed to a water lease ensuring minimum instream flows are available for a healthy trout fishery through the project reach.

Specific objectives include: reestablish floodplain connectivity and function; improve existing instream and riparian habitat for native trout by emulating reference reach conditions; correct chronic bank erosion issues and restore a self-maintaining stream system based on natural channel design principles and standards.

D. Length of stream or size of lake that will be treated (project extent): 8,400 feet

Length/size of impact, if larger than project extent (e.g. stream miles opened):

E. Project Budget:

Grant Request (Dollars): \$ 58,000.00

Matching Dollars: \$ 277,927.00

Matching In-Kind Services:\* \$ 66,052.40

\*salaries of government employees are not considered matching contributions

Total Project Cost: \$ 401,979.40

F. **Attach** itemized (line item) budget – see budget template

Attach specific project plans, detailed sketches, plan views, photographs, maps, evidence of landowner consent, evidence of public support and fish biologist support, and/or other information necessary to evaluate the merits of the project. If project involves water leasing or water salvage complete a *supplemental questionnaire* (fwp.mt.gov/habitat/futurefisheries/supplement2.doc).

H. **Attach** land management & maintenance plans that will ensure protection of the reclaimed area.

#### **III. PROJECT BENEFITS** (attach additional information to end of application):

A. What species of fish will benefit from this project?

Bull trout, westslope cutthroat trout, and brown trout.

B. How will the project protect or enhance wild fish habitat?

Wildtrout populations in the Blackfoot River require cold, clean, complex and connected habitat. This project will improve instream habitat by reducing sedimentation, increasing pool complexity and promoting a self-maintaining channel that will function hydrologically and be connected to a floodplain with a healthy riparian area. This section of stream is in a hydrologic losing reach, so increasing pool frequency will provide trout with additional refugia during baseflow.

C. Will the project improve fish populations and/or fishing? To what extent?

Yes, by providing off-site recruitment to the Blackfoot River. Poorman Creek enters a portion of the Blackfoot River that receives high angling pressure and has multiple access points for public use.

D. Will the project increase public fishing opportunity for wild fish and, if so, how?

Yes, by increasing wild trout habitat in the Blackfoot River drainage. This project will increase trout recruitment to the Blackfoot River by improving spawning and rearing habitat in a high priority tributary. The project will increase habitat capacity, and therefore, trout abundance in Poorman Creek, which provides public fishing opportunities via the stream access law at bridges in the lower reaches and Forest Service land in the upper reaches.

E. The project agreement includes a 20-year maintenance commitment. Please discuss your ability to meet this commitment.

The landowner has committed to signing a Landowner Agreement for a minimum of 20 years.

F. What was the cause of habitat degradation in the area of this project and how will the project correct the cause?

Historical channelization has led to downcutting and lack of floodplain connection. In other reaches, aggradation has occurred from dewatering and channel blockages and has created channel braiding.

G. What public benefits will be realized from this project?

This project involves the continuation of the Blackfoot River Restoration program and the restoration of a native westslope cutthroat and bull trout stream. Public benefits include: 1) expanding suitable habitat conditions for pure fluvial westslope cutthroat trout and fluvial bull trout populations, 2) improved water quality (temperature) on-site and downstream, and 3) contribute to the recovery of westslope cutthroat trout. Additionally, the Bull Trout Conservation Strategy lists the Poorman drainage as an important population that contributes to Blackfoot core bull trout population; the strategy identifies the main factor limiting recovery of bull trout as the lack of high-quality tributaries throughout the watershed. This project, in conjunction with the cumulative effects of other projects in the drainage, will benefit bull trout and work towards stability and recovery of the core population, which is in the public's interest. Overall, this project is expected to increase trout abundance, which will enhance the public's opportunity to enjoy quality angling experiences in the upper Blackfoot River watershed.

H. Will the project interfere with water or property rights of adjacent landowners? (explain):

No. This project will have no effect on water and property rights of adjacent landowners.

I.	Will the project result in the development of commercial recreational use on the site? (explain):
	No commercial recreational use is known to legally occur at this site.
J.	Is this project associated with the reclamation of past mining activity?
	No, the project isn't associated with past mining activities.

Each approved project applicant must enter into a written agreement with Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks specifying terms and duration of the project. The applicant must obtain all applicable permits prior to project construction. A competitive bid process must be followed when using State funds.

#### IV. AUTHORIZING STATEMENT

I (we) hereby declare that the information and all statements to this application are true, complete, and accurate to the best of my (our) knowledge and that the project or activity complies with rules of the Future Fisheries Improvement Program.

Applicant Signature: _	'Tyer Neudecker	Date:	5/25/2020
Sponsor (if applicable):			

Submittal: Applications must be signed and received before December 1 and June 1 of each year to be considered for the subsequent funding period. Late or incomplete applications will be rejected.

Mail to:	Montana FWP	Email:	Michelle McGree
	Fish Management Bureau		mmcgree@mt.gov
	PO Box 200701		(electronic submissions must be signed)
	Helena, MT 59620-0701		For files over 10MB, use <a href="https://transfer.mt.gov">https://transfer.mt.gov</a>

Applications may be rejected if this form is modified.

### BUDGET TEMPLATE SHEET FOR FUTURE FISHERIES PROGRAM APPLICATIONS

Both tables must be completed or the application will be returned

WORK ITEMS			Both		es must be complete	уч от ито аррион	tion will	50 10	CONTRIE	UTIONS			
WORK ITEMS (ITEMIZE BY	NUMBER OF	UNIT				FUTURE FISH	JEDIES		IN-KIND	1			
CATEGORY)		DESCRIPTION*	COST/UNIT		TOTAL COST	REQUES			SERVICES**	IN-KIN	ND CASH		TOTAL
Personnel***	ONITO	DEGORII HOR	0001/01411		TOTAL GOOT	REGOE	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		OLIVIOLO	114-1411	ID OAOII		TOTAL
Survey	60	hrs	\$100.00	\$	6,000.00						6,000.00	\$	6,000.00
Design	120		\$110.00		13,200.00						13,200.00		13,200.00
Engineering		hrs	\$100.00	-	5,000.00						5,000.00	· ·	5,000.00
Permitting		hrs	\$45.00		2,025.00				2,025.00		0,000.00	\$	2,025.00
Oversight	250		\$105.00		26,250.00				_,,		26,250.00	· ·	26,250.00
Oversight	190		\$45.00		8,550.00				8,550.00		-,	\$	8,550.00
			Sub-Total	\$	61,025.00	\$	-	\$	10,575.00	\$	50,450.00	\$	61,025.00
Travel					,				·		<u>,                                      </u>		,
Mileage	5280	miles	\$0.58	\$	3,062.40				3,062.40			\$	3,062.40
			Sub-Total	\$	3,062.40	\$	-	\$	3,062.40	\$	-	\$	3,062.40
Construction Ma	terials****												
Transplants		each	\$25.00	\$	2,475.00				2,475.00			\$	2,475.00
					·								
Willow Cuttings	13,500	each	\$1.00		13,500.00	4	,000.00		4,000.00		5,500.00	\$	13,500.00
Fence	8708		\$1.50	\$	13,062.00						13,062.00		13,062.00
Stock tanks		each	\$800.00		1,600.00						1,600.00		1,600.00
Pipeline	5800	ft	\$1.80		10,440.00						10,440.00	\$	10,440.00
Brush	60	CY	\$100.00	\$	6,000.00				1,500.00		4,500.00	\$	6,000.00
Wood	100	CY	\$250.00	\$	25,000.00				12,500.00		12,500.00	\$	25,000.00
Gravel	1208	CY	\$5.00	\$	6,040.00				6,040.00			\$	6,040.00
Sod	74,000	SQ FT	\$0.35	\$	25,900.00				25,900.00			\$	25,900.00
			Sub-Total	\$	104,017.00	\$ 4	,000.00	\$	52,415.00	\$	47,602.00	\$	104,017.00
<b>Equipment and L</b>	<u>_abor</u>												
Hydraulic													
Excavator	425	hrs	\$168.00	\$	71,400.00	22	,000.00				49,400.00	\$	71,400.00
Hydraulic													
Excavator	415	hrs	\$165.00	\$	68,475.00	20	,000.00				48,475.00	\$	68,475.00
Tracked				_		_						_	
Skidsteer	200		\$95.00	-	19,000.00		,000.00				14,000.00		19,000.00
Off Road Truck	300		\$170.00		51,000.00		,000.00				46,000.00		51,000.00
Labor	200	hrs	\$45.00		9,000.00		,000.00				7,000.00		9,000.00
			Sub-Total	\$	218,875.00	\$ 54	,000.00	\$	-	\$	164,875.00	\$	218,875.00
Mobilization		1											
All Equipment	1	lump Sum	\$15,000.00		15,000.00						15,000.00		15,000.00
			Sub-Total	\$	15,000.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,000.00	\$	15,000.00
			TOTALS	\$	401,979.40	\$ 58	,000.00	\$	66,052.40	\$ 2	277,927.00	\$	401,979.40

#### BUDGET TEMPLATE SHEET FOR FUTURE FISHERIES PROGRAM APPLICATIONS

\*\*Design and oversight consultant was seleted through a competitive Request for Proposals process

#### MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS (do not include requested funds)

CONTRIBUTOR		IN-KIND SERVICE	IN-KIND CASH	TOTAL	Secured? (Y/N)
Landowner	\$	52,415.00	\$ 18,000.00	\$ 70,415.00	Yes
WestSlope TU Chapter	\$	-	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	No
USFWS Partners Program	\$	-	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	Yes
DEQ 319 Program	\$	-	\$ 24,000.00	\$ 24,000.00	Yes
NFWF	\$	-	\$ 32,000.00	\$ 32,000.00	No
DEQ 319 Program	\$	-	\$ 135,000.00	\$ 135,000.00	No
Big Blackfoot Chapter of Trout Unlimited	\$	13,637.40	\$ 43,927.00	\$ 57,564.40	Yes
TOTAL	<b>.</b> S \$	66,052.40	\$ 277,927.00	\$ 343,979.40	

#### **EXISTING CONDITIONS ON POORMAN CREEK PHASE TWO**









May 28, 2020

Dear Members of the Future Fisheries Review Panel:

My family members and I are owners of a small ranch in Lincoln Montana through which Poorman Creek flows. We acquired the first parcel in 1990 and were able to acquire an adjoining parcel from the same landowner a couple years ago. Between the two parcels, there is about two miles of Poorman Creek.

Our values and priorities for this ranch focus on improvement and development of its fish and wildlife habitat. We are proud of the progress we have made with the expertise and help from Mt FWP, BBCTU, the Clark Fork Coalition and the Blackfoot Challenge.

We have been advised by the above entities that Poorman Creek is a diamond in the rough; that it is an important spawning tributary for West Slope Cutthroat and Bull Trout and that it has more potential than we had realized. Inspired by this input, we have embarked on a long-range plan to improve the riparian habitat. The first major part was to permanently protect the stream's flow from being dewatered by irrigations withdrawals. Second phase was to improve the fencing and water supply for our grazing program so cattle would not damage the creek's banks. This included an ongoing major weed management program. The next phase involves restoration of the creeks channel. We are fortunate to be receiving guidance from Ryen Neudecker of BBCTU for this next phase.

The purpose of this email is to advise the members of the history and long-term devotion to the care of the land for its fish and wildlife potential. I understand that BBCTU is applying for a grant to help with the implementation of the restoration of Poorman Creek through our ranch and we hope that you will look favorably upon that appeal for your support. We are most appreciative of every bit of support we get and hope we are viewed as deserving landowners and cooperative partners.

Sincerely,
Perk Perkins
Managing Partner, PARCS 2.0 LLC (Family Partnership)



United States Department of the Interior FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

MONTANA PARTNERS FOR FISH & WILDLIFE PROGRAM PO Box 66

Ovando, Montana 59854 406/793.7400

IN REPLY REFER TO:

May 28, 2020

Montana Future Fisheries Committee 1420 E 6<sup>th</sup> Ave Helena, MT 59620

**Dear Committee Members:** 

This letter is in reference to the Poorman Creek Restoration Project located in the Blackfoot Watershed being proposed by the Big Blackfoot Chapter of Trout Unlimited. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service fully support this project because of the incredible biological values associated with it.

The Partners for Fish and Wildlife has a long history of working with the associated private landowners and other partners collaborating to restore the native trout fishery of this important tributary to the Blackfoot River. This project is exciting in that we will be able to continue our efforts of restoring native trout within the watershed by working with committed landowners.

We commend the efforts of the many partners for their time and due diligence with this important project and urge the Future Fisheries Review Panel to support this grant application.

If you have any questions regarding this project feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Greg Neudecker State Coordinator

Partners for Fish and Wildlife Service

Duyon A. Mended

#### FWP.MT.GOV



#### THE **OUTSIDE** IS IN US ALL.

Patrick Uthe 3201 Spurgin Road Missoula, MT 59804 406-542-5532 patrick.uthe@mt.gov

May 27, 2020

Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks Attn: Michelle McGree 1420 East 6<sup>th</sup> Ave. Helena, MT 59620

Dear Future Fisheries Panel:

I am writing to express support for the Big Blackfoot Chapter of Trout Unlimited's Poorman Creek Restoration – Phase 2 project. Poorman Creek has significant native species and sport fishery values. It is ranked as a high priority within the Blackfoot River prioritization framework because of its biological value and potential to improve flows and water quality in the Blackfoot River. The proposed project is in the lower section where current limiting factors include poor riparian and streambank conditions from livestock grazing, lack of instream habitat complexity, and low discharge from irrigation impacts. A recent instream flow conservation project restored flow through this section to the confluence with the Blackfoot River. Therefore, restoring habitat quality through the Phase 2 project will enhance the benefits of the instream flow lease.

The Poorman Creek/Grantier Spring Creek system provides important overwinter and summer refugia for trout that migrate from the intermittent reach of the Blackfoot River near Lincoln. Brown Trout and Westslope Cutthroat Trout are the primary species inhabiting this section, but Bull Trout migrate to and from spawning areas in upper Poorman Creek. The improved habitat complexity and increased pool frequency will provide ideal habitat for trout inhabiting and migrating through this section. Moreover, of all the smaller Bull Trout populations in the Blackfoot that have experienced declines, Poorman Creek has the greatest potential to experience a recovery from restoration actions.

I expect this project to directly benefit the fishery through improved spawning conditions for Westslope Cutthroat Trout and Brown Trout, and improved rearing and foraging opportunities for all trout species. Implementation of the Phase 2 project will increase recruitment of trout to the Blackfoot River and increase trout abundance and enhance fishing opportunities within Poorman Creek. Thank you very much for consideration of this funding request. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions or would like additional fisheries information from the project area.

Sincerely

Patrick Uthe Fisheries Biologist

NUMBER

## POORMAN CREEK RESTORATION PROJECT CONCEPTUAL DESIGN PLANSET

#### **PROJECT PARTNERS**



**BIG BLACKFOOT CHAPTER OF** TROUT UNLIMITED PO BOX 1 **OVANDO, MONTANA 59854** 



**US FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE PO BOX 66** 196 LOWER LAKE SIDE LANE OVANDO, MONTANA 59854

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

BIG BLACKFOOT CHAPTER OF TROUT UNLIMITED (BBCTU), IN COOPERATION WITH THE U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE AND PRIVATE LANDOWNERS, RETAINED RIVER DESIGN GROUP, INC. TO DEVELOP RESTORATION PLANS FOR A TWO MILE REACH OF POORMAN CREEK, A TRIBUTARY TO THE BLACKFOOT RIVER LOCATED SOUTH OF LINCOLN IN LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY, MONTANA. POORMAN CREEK IS A THIRD ORDER TRIBUTARY TO THE UPPER BLACKFOOT RIVER AND SUPPORTS POPULATIONS OF NATIVE BULL TROUT, A THREATENED SPECIES UNDER THE FEDERAL ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT, AND NATIVE WESTSLOPE CUTTHROAT TROUT, A MONTANA SPECIES OF SPECIAL CONCERN. HISTORICAL LAND USE DISTURBANCES INCLUDING CHANNELIZATION, DEWATERING, GRAZING, RIPARIAN VEGETATION REMOVAL AND CONVERSION, AND UNDERSIZED BRIDGES, HAVE RESULTED IN DEGRADED AQUATIC HABITAT CONDITIONS AND ALTERED STREAM CHANNEL FORM AND FUNCTION.

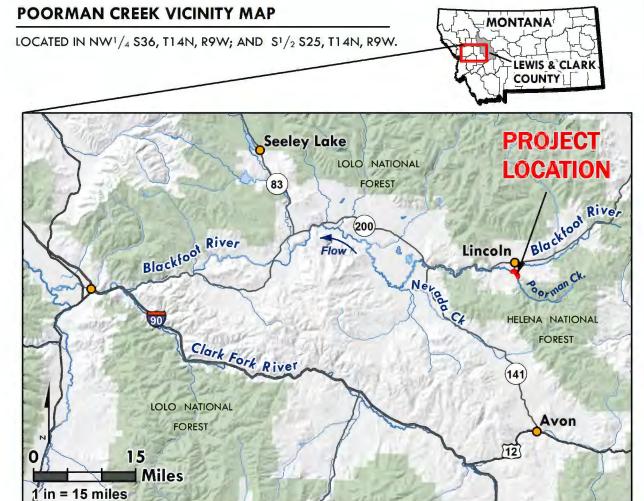
FROM THE HEADWATERS TO THE MOUTH OF THE UPPER BLACKFOOT RIVER, POORMAN CREEK HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED AS AN IMPAIRED WATERBODY BY THE MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (MDEQ, 2018). THE STREAM IS CLASSIFIED A B-1 WATERBODY, AND IS CONSIDERED NON-SUPPORTING OF AQUATIC LIFE, REPORTED CAUSES OF WATER QUALITY IMPAIRMENT INCLUDE: 1) ALTERATION IN STREAMSIDE VEGETATION; 2) COPPER, CADMIUM AND LEAD; 3) FLOW REGIME MODIFICATIONS; AND 4) SEDIMENTATION/SILTATION. PROBABLE POLLUTANT SOURCES INCLUDE FOREST ROADS, IMPACTS FROM ABANDONED MINES, SILVICULTURAL ACTIVITIES, WATER DIVERSION, AND NATURAL SOURCES.

HISTORICAL WATERSHED AND LAND USE DISTURBANCES CONTINUE TO AFFECT THE QUALITY OF AQUATIC AND RIPARIAN HABITAT CONDITIONS IN LOWER POORMAN CREEK, AN ESTIMATED 409 TONS PER YEAR OF SEDIMENT IS CONTRIBUTED TO POORMAN CREEK FROM STREAMBANK RELATED SOURCES, PRIMARILY RELATED TO BANK EROSION AND CHANNEL INSTABILITY. TO ADDRESS THESE LIMITING FACTORS, RESTORATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES INCLUDE RESTORING STREAMBANK AND RIPARIAN CONDITIONS, ESTABLISHING PROPER STREAM CHANNEL DIMENSIONS AND CHANNEL CAPACITY, INCREASING THE QUALITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF COMPLEX AQUATIC HABITAT FEATURES INCLUDING RIFFLES AND POOLS, AND INCREASING FLOODPLAIN CONNECTIVITY AND VEGETATION DIVERSITY.

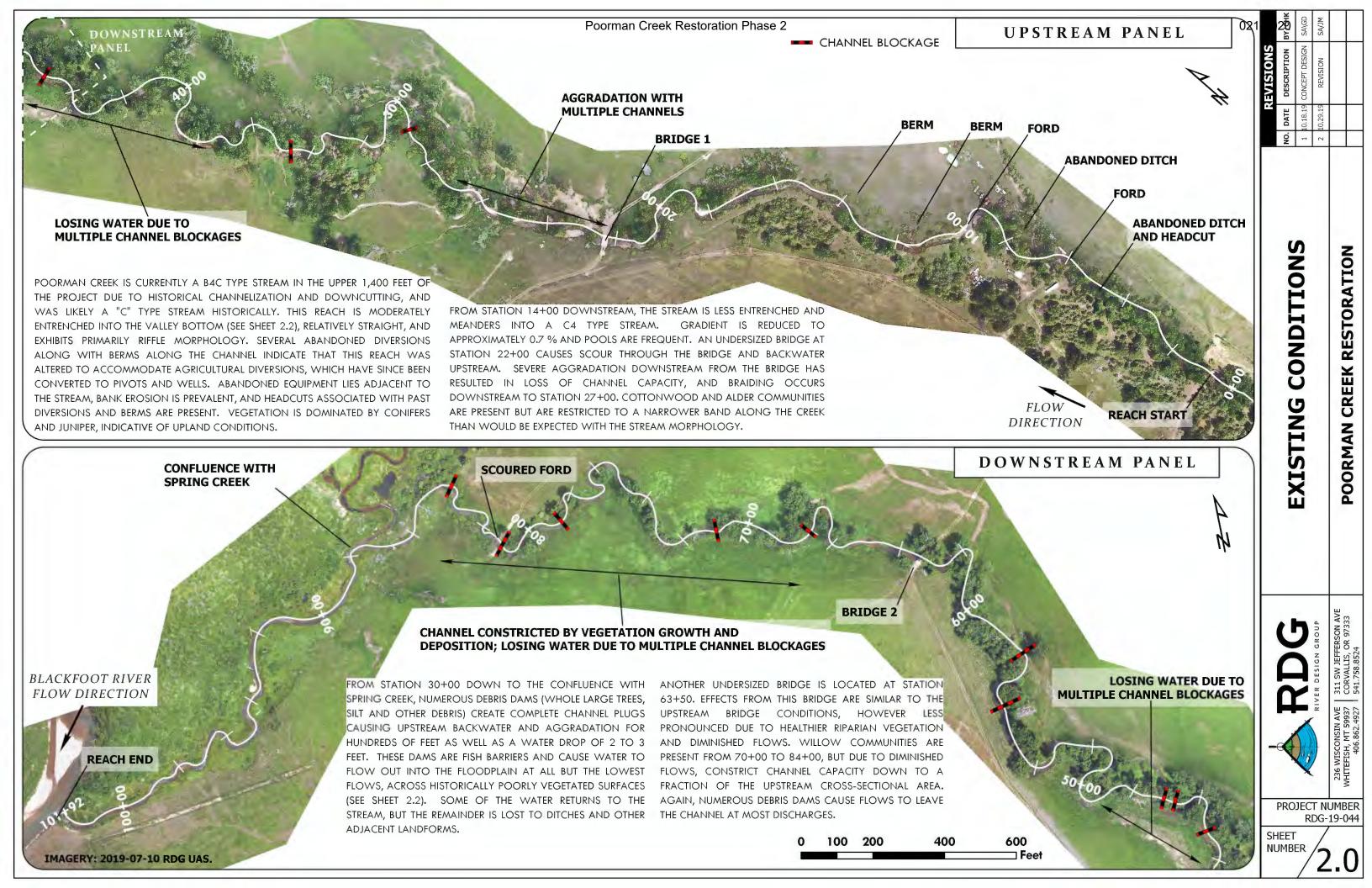
THESE DRAWINGS REPRESENT A 50% PRELIMINARY DESIGN AND WILL BE FINALIZED BASED ON INPUT FROM PROJECT STAKEHOLDERS.

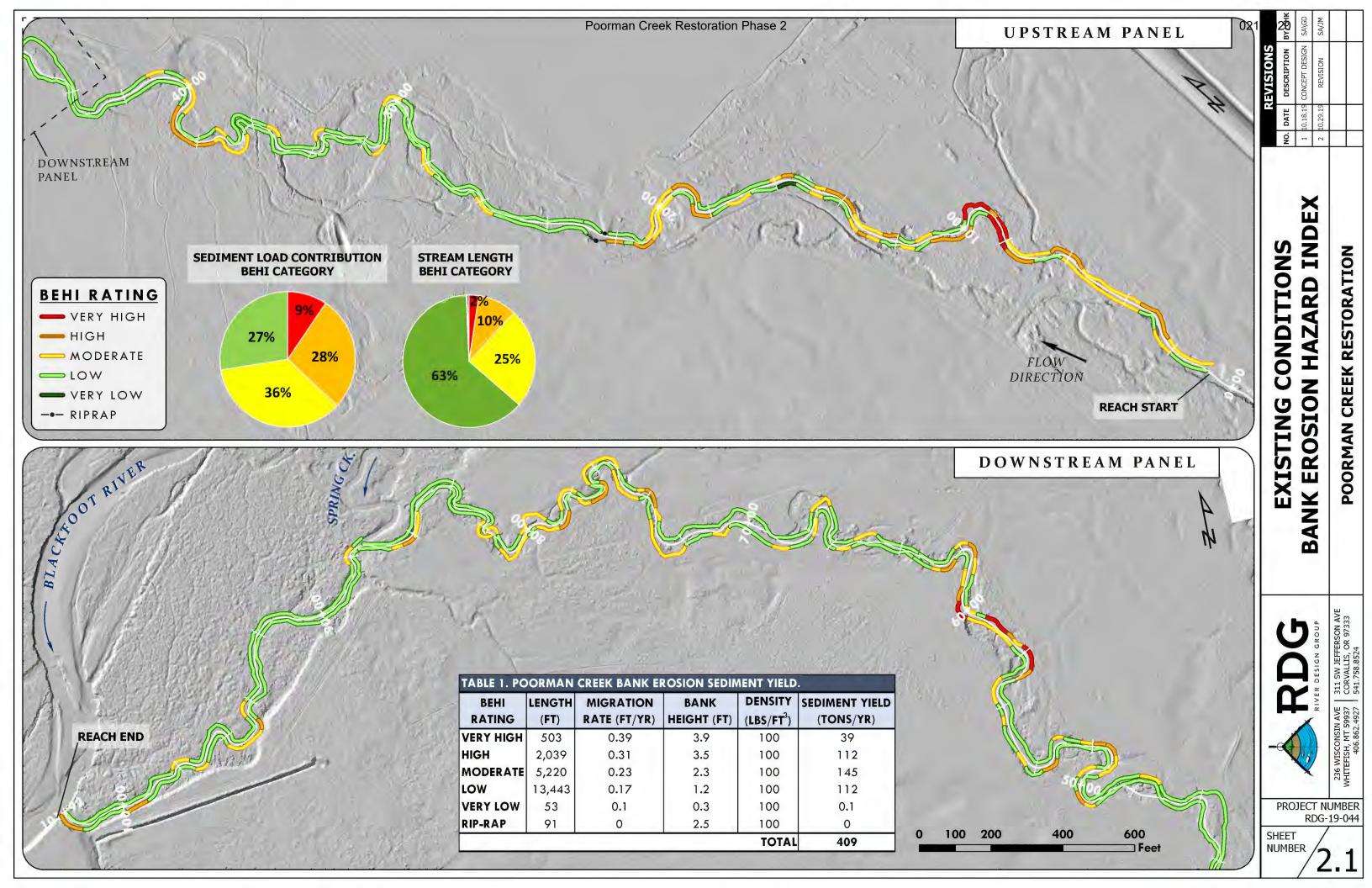
#### DRAWING INDEX

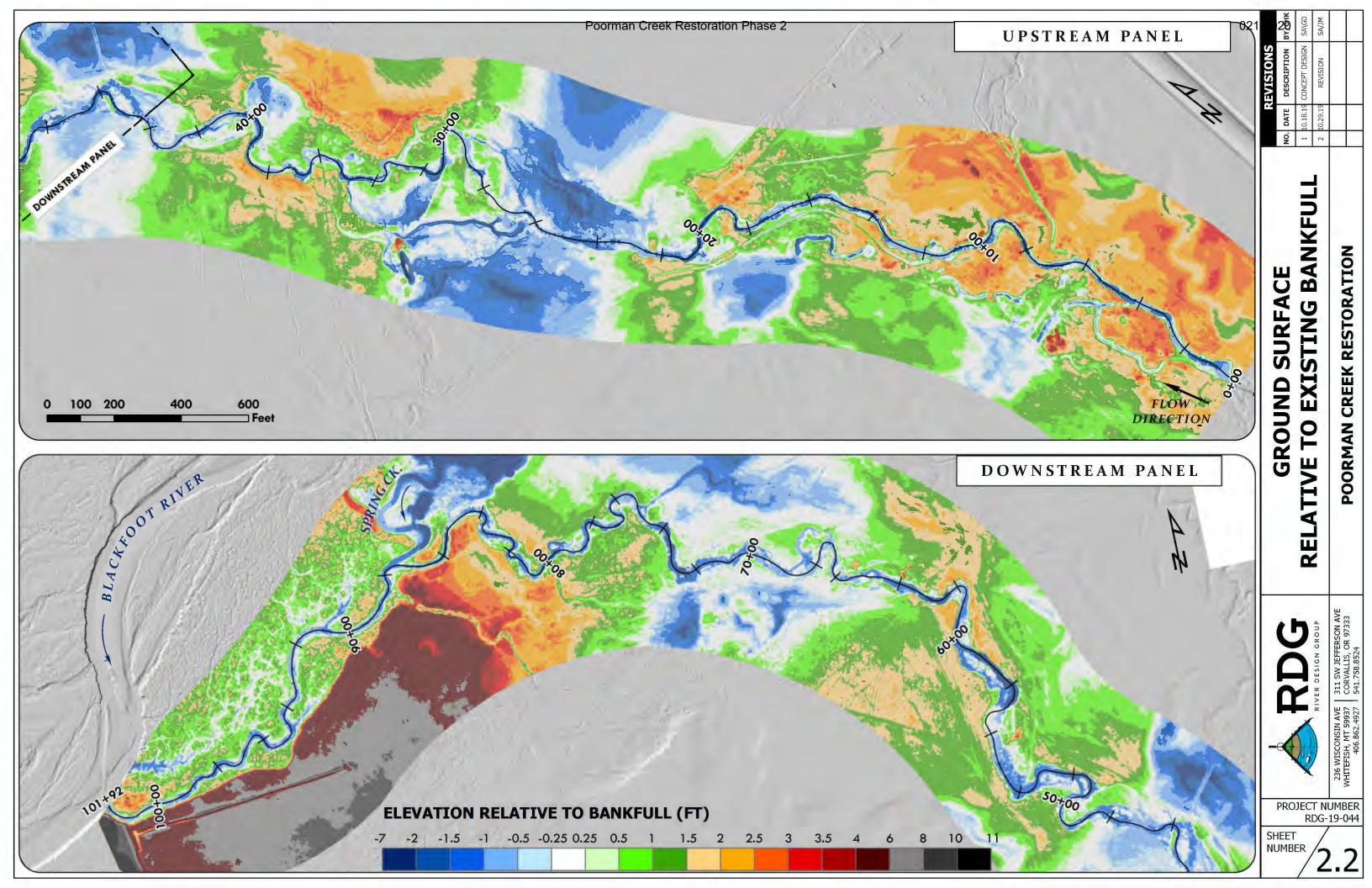
- 1.0 COVER PAGE
- 2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS
- 2.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS BANK EROSION HAZARD INDEX
- 2.2 GROUND SURFACE RELATIVE TO EXISTING BANKFULL
- 2.3 EXISTING PROFILE
- 3.0 RESTORATION PLAN
- 3.1 VEGETATED WOOD AND BRUSH MATRIX
- 3.2 LARGE WOOD STRUCTURE
- 3.3 LOG STEP POOL
- 3.4 CONSTRUCTED STREAMBED
- 3.5 FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS DETAIL
- 3.6 VEGETATED BRUSH TRENCH

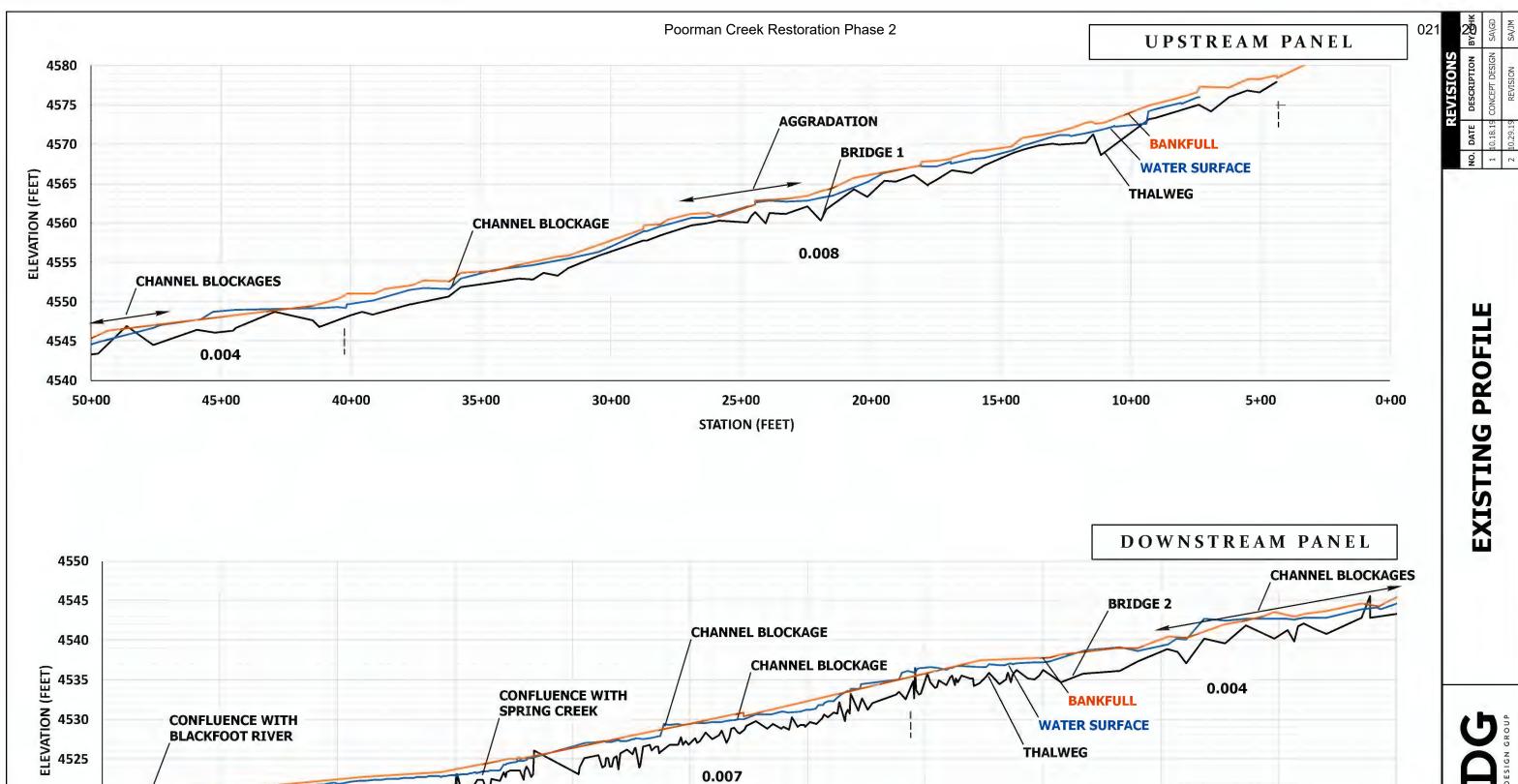












80+00

STATION (FEET)

75+00

70+00

Munuthan mon

85+00

90+00

**CONFLUENCE WITH** 

**BLACKFOOT RIVER** 

100+00

0.003

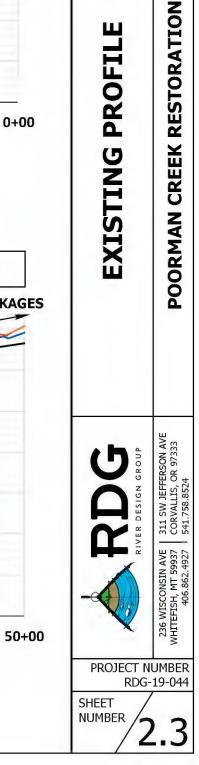
95+00

4520

4515

4510

105+00



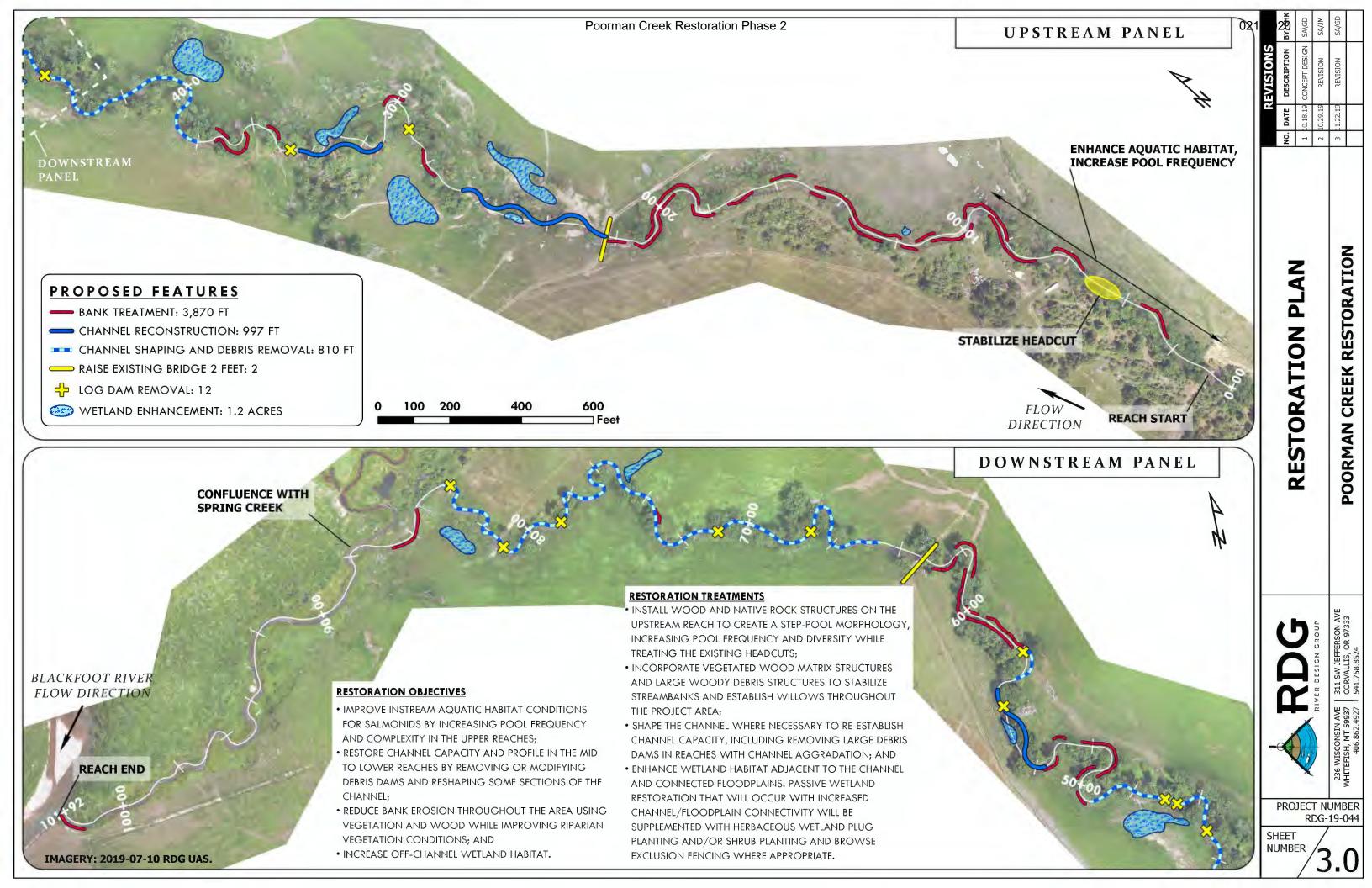
**WATER SURFACE** 

60+00

55+00

THALWEG

65+00



PROJECT NUMBER RDG-19-044

SHEET NUMBER

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. CONSTRUCTION OF THE VEGETATED WOOD AND BRUSH MATRIX WILL OCCUR AFTER THE CHANNEL STREAMBED IS CONSTRUCTED WHERE APPLICABLE.
- 2. IT IS CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO CUT WOOD INTO APPROPRIATE SIZE LENGTHS TO FIT STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS.
- 3. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED BY ENGINEER.
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL MARK AND ENGINEER SHALL APPROVE THE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION LOCATION FOR EACH VEGETATED WOOD AND BRUSH MATRIX STRUCTURE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

#### NOTES ON VEGETATED WOOD AND BRUSH MATRIX INSTALLATION

- 1. EXCAVATE TO THE EXCAVATION LIMITS AS SHOWN. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE STOCKPILED ON THE FLOODPLAIN **OUTSIDE OF THE IMMEDIATE WORK AREA.**
- 2. PREPARE THE BENCH OF THE STRUCTURE BY PLACING CHANNEL ALLUVIUM FROM THE BASE OF THE EXCAVATION DEPTH/BOTTOM OF EXCAVATION TO WITHIN 1.0-FT. OF FINISHED GRADE.
- 3. CATEGORY 2 AND CATEGORY 3 WOOD, CHANNEL ALLUVIUM, AND SIX (6) TO EIGHT (8) FT. DORMANT WILLOW CUTTINGS AT A DENSITY OF 8 PER LINEAR FT. SHALL BE PLACED IN ALTERNATING LAYERS AND BUCKET COMPACTED AS IT IS CONSTRUCTED. WILLOW CUTTINGS SHALL SLOPE AT AN APPROXIMATE 2:1 SLOPE AS SHOWN IN SECTION VIEW. STEMS MAY OVERLAP. THE CUT ENDS SHALL BE PLACED AT THE BASE OF THE SLOPES WITH THE UN-CUT ENDS EXTENDING BEYOND THE EDGE OF THE SOIL LIFT OR TRENCH SO THAT APPROXIMATELY ONE-THIRD OF THE TOTAL CUTTING LENGTH IS EXPOSED BEYOND THE FRONT EDGE
- 4. THE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM ENDS OF THE STRUCTURE SHALL TRANSITION SMOOTHLY INTO ADJACENT STREAMBANK STRUCTURES TO MINIMIZE EROSION, FLANKING, AND BANK FAILURE. STRUCTURE ENDS MAY BE STABILIZED WITH ADDITIONAL CATEGORY 2 ROCK AS APPROVED BY ENGINEER
- 5. AFTER INSTALLATION OF THE VEGETATED WOOD AND BRUSH MATRIX, BACKFILL THE STRUCTURE WITH STOCKPILED MATERIAL TO FINISHED GRADE AND BUCKET COMPACT. NO AREAS BEHIND THE FINISHED BANKLINE ARE TO BE LEFT BELOW FINISHED

6. ONCE THE STRUCTURE BACKFILL IS TO GRADE, INSTALL 10 FOOT LONG TRENCHES OF 20 WILLOWS AT VARYING ANGLES

(BETWEEN 45° AND 60°) EVERY 10 LINEAL FEET OF BANKLINE.

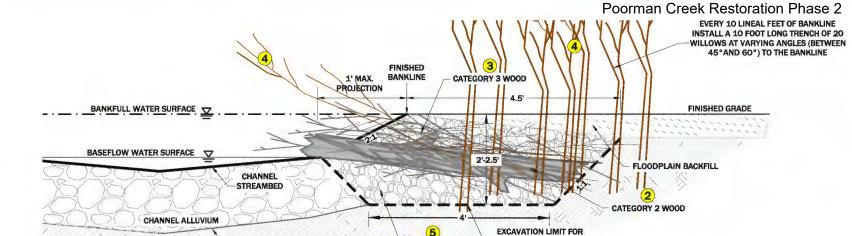
### **CHANNEL ALLUVIUM GRADATION**

SIZE	PERCENT	REPRESENTATIVE
(INCHE	S) PASSING	SIZE CLASS
10	95	D100
8	80 - 90	D84
4	45 - 55	D50
2	30 - 40	D35
1	20-30	D15
0.08	20	

\*PROVIDE MINIMUM 20% RETAINED IN 0.08" SIZE CLASS\*

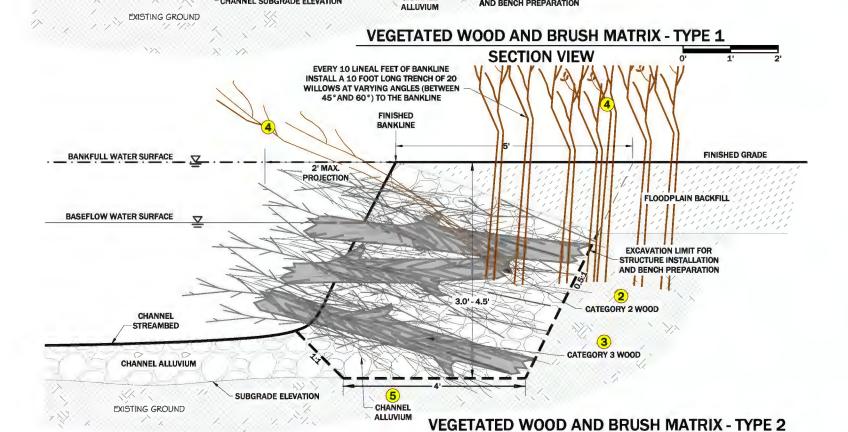
#### MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAR FOOT)

	ITEM	TYPE 1	TYPE 2
2	CATEGORY 3 WOOD	1	2
3	CATEGORY 4 WOOD	1	2
1)	RIPARIAN CUTTINGS	10	10
5	CHANNEL ALLUVIUM	0.11 CY	0.2 CY



STRUCTURE INSTALLATION
AND BENCH PREPARATION

**SECTION VIEW** 



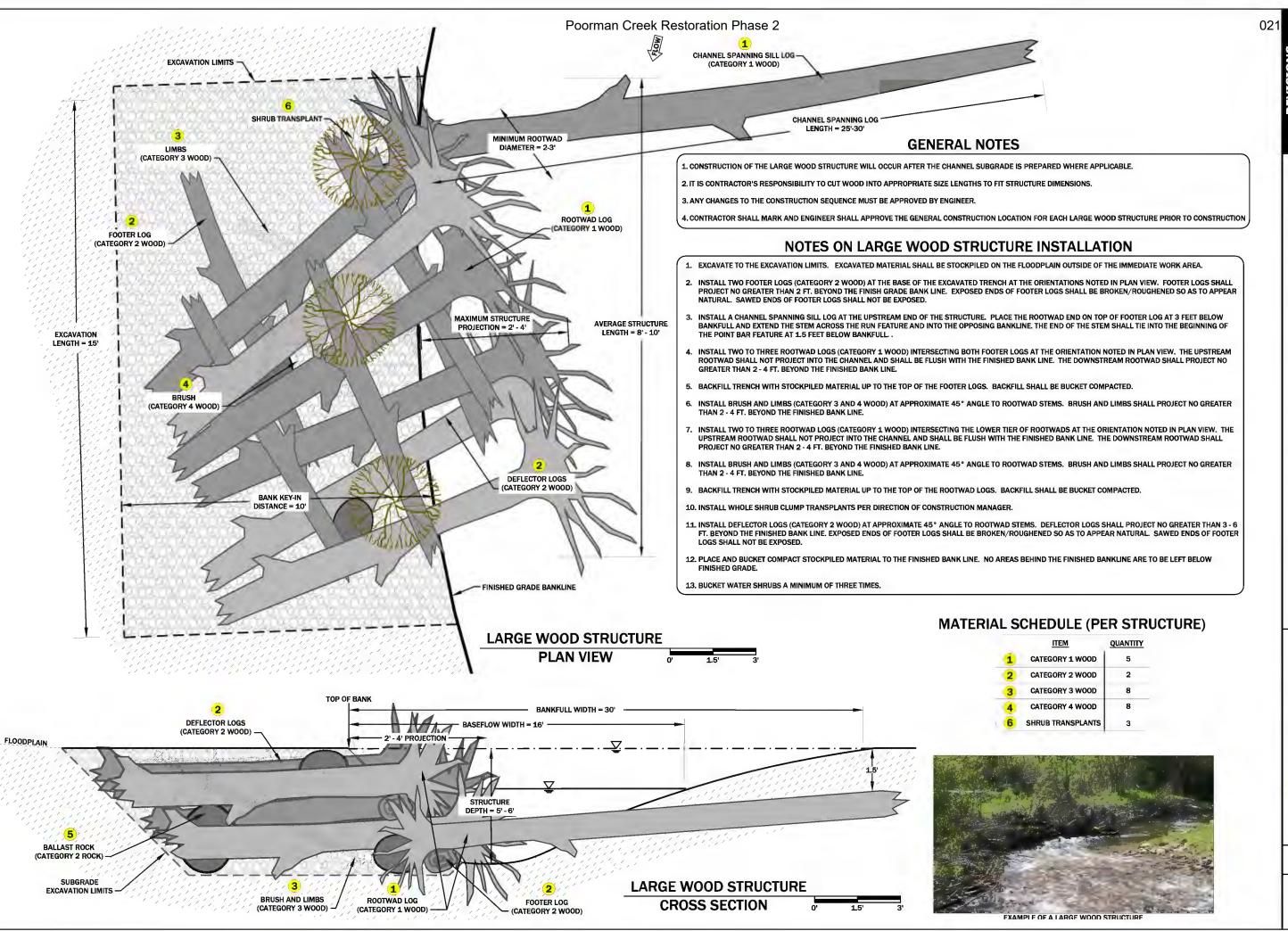


CHANNEL SUBGRADE ELEVATION

EXAMPLE OF A CONSTRUCTED VEGETATED WOOD AND BRUSH MATRIX TYPE 1



**EXAMPLE OF A CONSTRUCTED VEGETATED WOOD AND BRUSH MATRIX TYPE 2** 



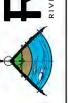
WOOD STRUCTURE

ARGE

POORMAN CREEK RESTORATION

RIVER DESIGN GROUP

F 311SW JEFFERSON AVE
CORVALLIS, OR 97333



PROJECT NUMBER RDG-19-044

SHEET NUMBER 3

FOOTER LOG

FLOODPLAIN

TIE-IN LOCATION

BALLAST ROCK

(CATEGORY 1 ROCK)

POORMAN CREEK RESTORATION

PROJECT NUMBER RDG-19-044

SHEET **NUMBER** 



- L CONSTRUCTION OF THE CHANNEL LOG STEP POOL WILL OCCUR PRIOR TO THE CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED WHERE APPLICABLE.
- 2. IT IS CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO CUT WOOD INTO APPROPRIATE SIZE LENGTHS TO FIT STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS.
- 3. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED BY ENGINEER.
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL MARK AND ENGINEER SHALL APPROVE THE FLOODPLAIN AND CHANNEL STREAMBED TIE-IN LOCATIONS.

- 1. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF THE CHANNEL LOG STEP POOL, ENGINEER SHALL VERIFY CHANNEL SUBGRADE ELEVATIONS.
- 3. EXCAVATE TO THE EXCAVATION LIMITS. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE STOCKPILED ON THE FLOODPLAIN OUTSIDE OF THE
- 5. INSTALL VANE LOG (CATEGORY 1 WOOD) AT THE FLOODPLAIN TIE-IN LOCATIONS AND TO THE ORIENTATIONS NOTED ON THE DRAWING. VANE LOGS SHALL BE PLACED ON CHANNEL ALLUVIUM AND THE ROOTWAD SHALL BE EMBEDDED INTO THE STREAMBANK A MINIMUM OF 2-FT. RELATIVE TO FINISHED BANK LINE.
- BACKER LOG SHALL BE FLUSH WITH THE VANE LOG AND EXTEND FROM THE FLOODPLAIN TIE-IN LOCATIONS TO THE TIPS OF
- CONTACT WITH VANE LOGS AND BACKER LOGS TO PROVIDE BALLAST AND TO PREVENT THE STRUCTURE FROM SHIFTING
- 3. REGRADE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL STREAMBED FINISHED GRADE ELEVATIONS. IF EXCESS MATERIAL IS SIDECAST IN POOL DURING CONSTRUCTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL RE-EXCAVATE POOL TO THE DESIGN DIMENSIONS AS

#### NOTES ON CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL LOG STEP POOL INSTALLATION

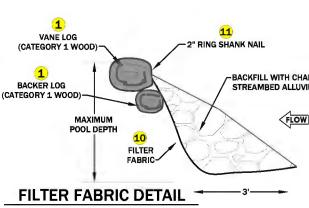
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOCKPILE WOOD AND ROCK PER SPECIFICATIONS NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS.
- 1. INSTALL FOOTER LOGS AND ORIENT STEMS AT 45° ANGLE TO THE BANKLINE. BACKFILL STEMS AT A MINIMUM OF 2.5 FT
- 3. INSTALL BACKER LOG (CATEGORY 1 WOOD) ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE VANE LOG AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.
- INSTALL CATEGORY 1 ROCK UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM OF THE STREAMBANK TIE-IN LOCATIONS. ROCK SHALL BE IN
- 3. ATTACH NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC TO VANE LOGS AND EXTEND VERTICALLY TO THE MAXIMUM DEPTH OF THE POOL CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE STRUCTURE, AS SHOWN ON DRAWING. BACKFILL VANE LOGS WITH EXCAVATED CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM TO CHANNEL STREAMBED FINISHED GRADE.

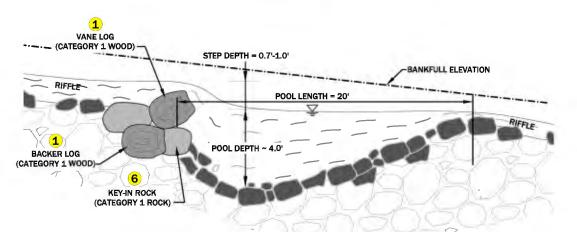
EXAMPLE OF A CONSTRUCTED LOG STEP POOL

APPROVED BY ENGINEER.

#### **MATERIAL SCHEDULE** (PER STRUCTURE)

	<u>ITEM</u>	QUANTITY
1	CATEGORY 1 WOOD	2
2	CATEGORY 2 WOOD	3
6	CATEGORY 1 ROCK	4
10	LF OF FILTER FABRIC	30
11	2" RING SHANK NAILS	20





TYPICAL LOG STEP POOL **PLAN VIEW** 

POOL

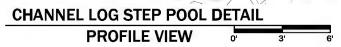
**EXCAVATION LIMITS** 

BACKER LOG (CATEGORY 1 WOOD)

VANE LOG (CATEGORY 1 WOOD)

**FLOODPLAIN** TIE-IN LOCATION

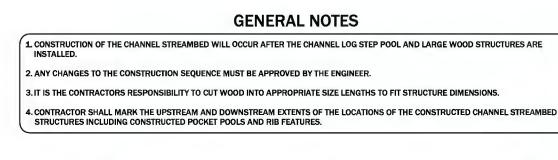
LOG STEP THROAT-(VARIES)





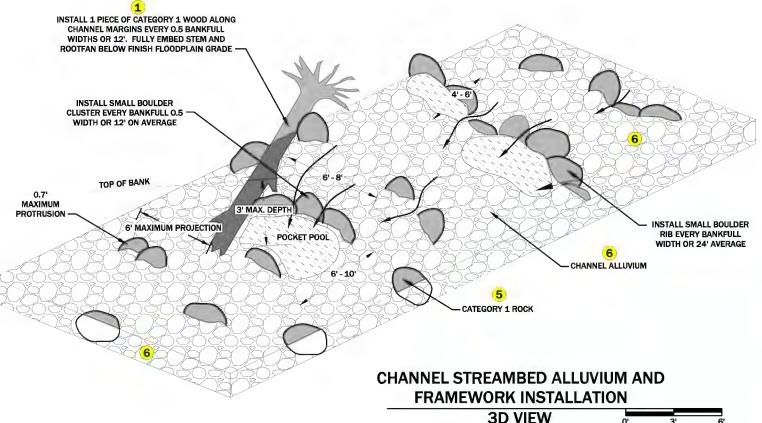
PROJECT NUMBER RDG-19-044

SHEET **NUMBER** 



#### NOTES ON CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED INSTALLATION

- 1 PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF THE CHANNEL STREAMBED, ENGINEER SHALL VERIFY CHANNEL SUBGRADE WHICH WILL SERVE AS THE
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOCKPILE CHANNEL ALLUVIUM AND CATEGORY 2 ROCK PER SPECIFICATIONS NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS.
- 3. PREPARE THE FRAMEWORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE 18-INCH TO 24-INCH BOULDERS (CATEGORY 2 ROCK) ON THE SURFACE OF THE CHANNEL SUBGRADE AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWING. DUE TO THE INHERENT VARIABILITY IN MATERIALS, BOULDER ELEVATIONS SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ASSURE BOULDER PROTRUSION ABOVE FINISH GRADE WILL BE NO GREATER THAN 0.7-FT
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL 18-INCH TO 24-INCH BOULDERS (CATEGORY 2 ROCK) IN CLUSTERS, AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, TO CREATE A COMPLEX SERIES OF POCKET POOLS THAT EFFECTIVELY DISSIPATE ENERGY AND PROVIDE PATHWAYS FOR FISH MOVEMENT. BOULDER ELEVATIONS SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ASSURE BOULDER PROTRUSION ABOVE FINISH GRADE IS NO GREATER THAN 0.7-FT.
- 5. SMALL BOULDER RIBS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS A COMPONENT OF THE CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED. AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS, CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE 18-INCH TO 24-INCH BOULDERS (CATEGORY 1 ROCK) IN AN IRREGULAR PATTERN SPANNING THE FULL WIDTH OF THE BANKFULL CHANNEL, AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THE ROCKS SHALL INTERLOCK WITH NO GAPS BETWEEN ROCKS GREATER THAN 0.5-FT. ELEVATIONS SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ASSURE BOULDER PROTRUSION ABOVE FINISH GRADE IS NO GREATER THAN
- 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL CHANNEL MARGIN WOOD (CATEGORY 1 WOOD) TO PROVIDE CHANNEL MARGIN AQUATIC HABITAT COMPLEXITY AND ROUGHNESS. WOOD SHALL PROJECT NO GREATER THAN 6 FEET. INTO THE CONSTRUCTED STREAMBED IN VARIOUS ORIENTATIONS TO FLOW, AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER. WOOD SHALL BE INSTALLED EMBEDDED INTO THE CHANNEL STREAMBED A MINIMUM OF ONE-HALF THE
- 7. PREPARE THE MATRIX. AFTER THE FRAMEWORK, BOULDER CLUSTERS, AND SMALL BOUNLDER RIBS ARE INSTALLED AND INSPECTED BY ENGINEER, PLACE APPROPRIATE CHANNEL ALLUVIUM GRADATION AND WASH FINES INTO STREAMBED. CHANNEL ALLUVIUM SHALL BE PLACED TO THE FULL COURSE THICKNESS IN LIFTS OF 9-INCHES TO FINISHED GRADE. INDIVIDUAL COURSES SHALL BE BUCKET COMPACTED.



## MAXIMUM 12" LIFT OF COMPACTED

#### **CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM AND** FRAMEWORK INSTALLATION SECTION VIEW 0' 2'

#### MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAR FOOT)

1		<u>ITEM</u>	QUANTITY
ı	1	CATEGORY 1 WOOD	0.08
ľ	5	CATEGORY 1 ROCK	0.4
ţ	6	CHANNEL ALLUVIUM	0.7

#### CHANNEL ALLUVIUM GRADATION

RESENTATIVE IZE CLASS
D100
D84
D50
D35
D15

\*PROVIDE MINIMUM 20% RETAINED IN 0.08" SIZE CLASS\*



TYPICAL CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED



TYPICAL POCKET POOL (CROW CREEK PHASE 1)



EXAMPLE OF A SIMILAR NATURAL STREAMBED (YOCHUM ET AL. 2014)

PROJECT NUMBER RDG-19-044

SHEET **NUMBER** 

## **GENERAL NOTES**

L CONSTRUCTION OF FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS WILL OCCUR AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF THE VEGETATED WOOD AND BRUSH MATRIX. ALL STRUCTURE SHALL BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS

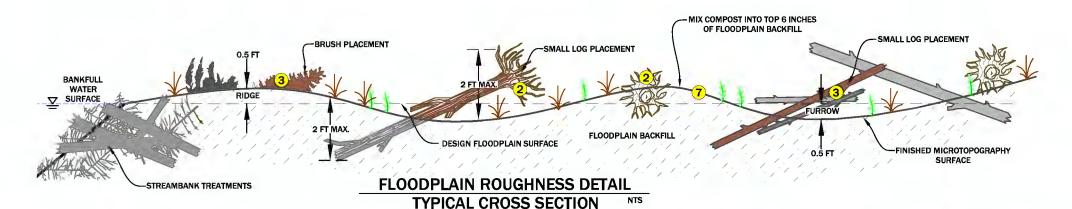
2. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED BY ENGINEER.

#### NOTES ON FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS INSTALLATION

- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL DEVELOP MICROTOPOGRAPHY AND PLACE WOODY MATERIAL IN THE
- 2. TRANSPORT CATEGORY 2, AND CATEGORY 3 WOOD FROM FROM DESIGNATED STOCKPILE AREAS. PLACE WOOD WITHIN THE FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS TREATMENT AREA AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.
- 3. PLACE CATEGORY 2 WOOD AT A RATE OF 35 PIECES PER ACRE AND SPACED AT AN AVERAGE DISTANCE OF 20 FEET FROM OTHER CATEGORY 2 WOOD. PLACE CATEGORY 3 WOOD SO IT COVERS 25 PERCENT OF THE FLOODPLAIN SURFACE (APPROXIMATELY 250 PIECES PER ACRE).
- 4. BURY CATEGORY 2 WOOD WITHIN THE FLOODPLAIN SURFACE, WITH ONE HALF OF THE LENGTH BURIED TO A DEPTH OF 2-FT., AND ONE HALF EXPOSED A MAXIMUM OF 2-FT ABOVE FINISHED GRADE AS SHOWN ON DRAWING. PLACE CATEGORY 3 WOOD ON THE SURFACE. CATEGORY 3 WOOD DOES NOT NEED TO BE
- 5. CONSTRUCT LOW AND HIGH FEATURES (RIDGES AND FURROWS) AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF RIDGES AND DEPTH OF FURROWS SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 0.5-FT. RELATIVE TO FINISHED FLOODPLAIN SURFACE.

# MICROTOPOGRAPHY AND FLOODPLAIN WOOD PLACEMENT

**3D VIEW** 



#### MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER ACRE)

	<u>ITEM</u>	QUANTITY	UNIT
2	CATEGORY 2 WOOD	35	EA
3	CATEGORY 3 WOOD	25	% COVER*

\*APPROXIMATELY 250 PIECES/ACRE



POORMAN CREEK

**EXAMPLE OF CONSTRUCTED FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS** 



Poorman Creek Restoration Phase 2

INSTALL VEGETATED BRUSH TRENCHES IN CONJUNCTION WITH FLOODPLAIN WOOD AS

DIRECTED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER

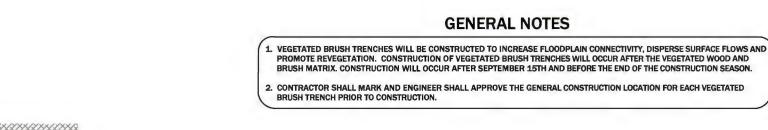
EXAMPLE OF CONSTRUCTED FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS



**EXAMPLE OF CONSTRUCTED FLOODPLAIN SWALE** 

PROJECT NUMBER RDG-19-044

SHEET **NUMBER** 



#### NOTES ON VEGETATED BRUSH TRENCH INSTALLATION

- 1. VEGETATED BRUSH TRENCHES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN THE FLOODPLAIN AS DIRECTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.
- 2. A TRENCH WILL BE CONSTRUCTED APPROXIMATELY 5' DEEP AND EXTEND THE LENGTH OF THE STAKED TREATMENT LOCATION. LIVE WILLOW CUTTINGS AND CATEGORY 3 WOOD WILL BE PLACED IN THE TRENCH SUCH THAT THEY ARE INTERMIXED AND
- 3. THE TRENCH WILL THEN BE BACKFILLED WITH THE SAME MATERIAL REMOVED TO CREATE THE TRENCH AND SHOULD MATCH THE ELEVATION OF THE SURROUNDING FLOODPLAIN GRADE.

### **VEGETATED BRUSH TRENCH PROFILE VIEW** CATEGORY 3 WOOD AND WILLOW CUTTINGS FINISHED FLOODPLAIN SURFACE **EXTENDS LATERALLY THE EXTENDS LATERALLY THE** LENGTH OF THE STAKED TREATMENT LOCATION TREATMENT LOCATION FLOODPLAIN BACKFILL OR EXISTING GROUND TRENCH EXCAVATED AND MATERIAL REMOVED TO CREATE TRENCH

**CATEGORY 3 WOOD AND** 

FINISHED FLOODPLAIN SURFACE

TRENCH EXCAVATED AND

BACKFILLED WITH MATERIAL REMOVED TO

### **VEGETATED BRUSH TRENCH SECTION VIEW**

#### **MATERIAL SCHEDULE** (PER LINEAR FOOT)

FLOODPLAIN BACKFILL OR EXISTING GROUND

	ITEM	QUANTITY
3	CATEGORY 3 WOOD	3
6	WILLOW CUTTINGS	5



**VEGETATED BRUSH TRENCH PLAN VIEW** 



**EXAMPLE OF A VEGETATED BRUSH TRENCH INSTALLATION** 



**EXAMPLE OF A CONSTRUCTED VEGETATED BRUSH TRENCH**